

NAAC Accredited "A" Grade Autonomous Institute under UGC Act 1956
Approved by AICTE & affiliated to Maulana Abul Kalam Azad University of Technology, West Bengal

243 G.T. Road (N), Liluah, Howrah- 711204, West Bengal, India

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Curriculum for Undergraduate Degree (B.Tech.) in Computer Science and Engineering (w.e.f. AY: 2020-21)

Part III: Detailed Curriculum

Third Semester

Course Name:	Communication Engineering			
Course Code:	ES-EC301 Category:		Engineering Science Courses	
Semester:	$3^{\rm rd}$	Credit:	3	
L-T-P:	3-0-0	Pre-Requisites:	Digital Electronics	
Full Marks:	100			
Examination Scheme:	Semester Examination: 70	Continuous Assessment: 25	Attendance: 05	

Course Objectives:			
1	To analyze Base band signal to different Analog (continuous & discrete) and Digital		
modulation technique along with the functionality.			
	Analyze the efficiency of the system by considering Bit rate, Baud rate, Channel		
2	capacity and Channel efficiency with different encoding technique and their limitations		
	and applications.		

Course Contents:			
Module No.	Description of Topic		
1	Elements of Communication system, Analog Modulation & Demodulation: Elements of Communication systems (mention of transmitter, receiver and channel), Introduction to Base Band transmission & Modulation and its needs; Basic principles of Linear Modulation, Amplitude Modulation, Spectrum of AM Signal, The Balanced Modulator, The Square law Demodulator, DSB-SC, SSB-SC, their Methods of Generation and Demodulation, Phase-locked Loop (PLL). Basic principles of Non-linear modulation (Angle Modulation - FM, PM) Frequency Modulation Systems, Frequency Deviation, Spectrum of FM Signal with Sinusoidal Modulation, Bandwidth of FM Signal Narrowband and wideband FM, Generation of FM Signal, FM Demodulator.		
2	Noise, SNR Analog-to-Digital Conversion: Noise in Communication systems - Internal & External noise, Signal-to-Noise ratio, White noise, thermal noise, Figure of Merit. Importance of SNR in system design .Sampling theorem, Sampling rate, Reconstruction from samples, Aliasing, Application of Sampling Theorem, PAM, PWM and PPM Signal Generation and Detection. Basic concept of Pulse Code Modulation, Block diagram of PCM; Multiplexing - TDM, FDM.	7	
3	Digital Transmission: Concept of Quantisation & Quantisation error, Uniform Quantiser; Non-uniform Quantiser, A-law & μ law, companding; Encoding, Coding efficiency; Line coding & properties, NRZ & RZ, AMI, Manchester coding PCM, DPCM; Baseband Pulse Transmission, ISI, Raised cosine function, Nyquist criterion for	8	



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	distortion-less base-band binary transmission, Eye pattern, Signal power in binary digital signals.	
4	Digital Carrier Modulation & Demodulation Techniques: Bit rate, Baud rate, Information capacity, Shanon's limit; M-ary encoding, Introduction to the different digital modulation techniques - ASK, FSK, PSK, BPSK, QPSK, mention of 8 BPSK, 16 BPSK, Introduction to QAM, mention of 8QAM, 16 QAM without elaboration; Delta modulation, Adaptive delta modulation (basic concept and importance only, no details	7
5	Information Theory & Coding: Introduction, News value & Information content, Entropy, Mutual information, Information rate, Shanon-Fano algorithm for encoding, Shannon's Theorem - Source Coding Theorem, Channel Coding Theorem, Information Capacity Theorem, Error Control & Coding – basic principle only.;	6
Total	'	36

Cour	Course Outcomes:		
After	After completion of the course, students will be able to:		
1	Understand the need for modulation and its requirements.		
2	Summarize the concept of different analog and digital modulation techniques, their		
	principles, generation and detection. Understand the different types of noise and its importance in system design.		
3	Understand the different types of noise and its importance in system design.		
4	Compute the coding efficiency of the systems and its relative merits and demerits of the		
	different line coding techniques.		
5	Calculate the information content, entropy, information rate and error correcting techniques for		
	given situations.		

Lear	Learning Resources:		
1	Principles of Communication Systems by Taub & Schilling, 2nd Edition. Tata Mc Graw Hill.		
2	Communication Systems by Siman Haykin,4th Edition, John Wiley and Sons Inc.		
3	Modern digital and analog communication system, by B. P. Lathi, 3rd Edition, Oxford		
	University Press.		
4	Communication Systems by V. Chandra Sekar, 1st edition, Oxford University Press.		



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Course Name:	Digital Electronics		
Course Code:	ES-EC302	Category: Engineering Science	
			Courses
Semester:	3rd	Credit:	3
L-T-P:	3-0-0	Pre-Requisites:	Basic Electronics
Full Marks:	100		
Examination	Semester Examination:	Continuous Assessment:	Attendance:
Scheme:	70	25	05

Cours	Course Objectives:		
1	To acquire the basic knowledge of digital logic gates and apply it to understand		
	digital electronics circuits.		
2	To prepare students to perform the analysis and design of various digital electronic		
	circuits		
3	To know different logic family, A/D Converter, D/A Converter.		

Course (Contents:	
Module No.	le Description of Topic	
	Introduction to Number System and code:	
1	Number System and Number Base Conversion, BCD, ASCII, EBDIC, Gray codes and their conversions; Signed binary number representation	4
	with 1's and 2's complement methods, Binary arithmetic.	
	Boolean algebra and Logic Gates:	
2	Venn diagram, Boolean operations and functions, algebraic manipulation, minterms and maxterms, sum-of-products and product-	4
	of-sum representations, Digital Logic gates Simplification of Boolean functions:	5
3	K-map method, don't care conditions, prime implicants, Quine-	3
	McCluskey method	
4	Combinational logic circuits:	
	Adders and subtractors, comparator, multiplexer, demultiplexer,	5
	decoder, encoder, parity generator etc.	
5	Sequential Circuits:	12
	Basic Flip-flop & Latch, Clocking and timing issues, Monostable and	
	Astable Circuit using 555 Timer. Flip-flops -SR, JK, D, T and JK Master-slave Flip Flops,	
	Registers (SISO, SIPO, PIPO, PISO) Ring counter, Johnson counter	
	Basic concept of Synchronous and Asynchronous counter, General	
	counter design methodology.	
6	Logic families:	2
Ü	TTL, ECL, MOS and CMOS - basic concepts	_
7	A/D and D/A conversion techniques:	4
	Basic concepts	
	D/A: R-2-R only	
	A/D: Successive Approximation	
Total		36L



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Course Outcomes:			
After completion of the course, students will be able to:			
1	1 Realize number systems, basic gate operations and laws of Boolean algebra.		
2	Understand basic structure of different combinational circuits- multiplexer, decoder,		
	encoder etc.		
3	Perform different operations with sequential circuits.		
4	Design A/D and D/A conversion techniques and articulate the basic concepts of Logic		
	families.		

Lea	Learning Resources:		
1	Morris Mano- Digital Logic and Computer Design- PHI		
2	Leach & Malvino—Digital Principles & Application, 5/e, McGraw H		
3	Floyed & Jain- Digital Fundamentals-Pearson.		
4	S. Salivahanan, S. Arivazhagan – Digital Circuits and Design		
5	D. Ray Chaudhuri- Digital Circuits-Vol-I & II, 2/e- Platinum Publisher		
6	Tocci, Widmer, Moss- Digital Systems,9/e- Pearson		

Course Name:	Mathematics III			
Course Code:	BS-M 301	Category:	Basic Science Course	
Semester:	3rd	Credit:	3	
L-T-P:	3-0-0	Pre-Requisites: High school mathem and BSM-101		
Full Marks:	100			
Examination	on Semester Examination: Continuous		Attendance: 05	
Scheme:	70	Assessment: 25	Attendance, 03	

Course Objectives:				
1	To understand probability theory and its applications.			
2	To know about Bivariate distribution and Marginal distribution.			
3	To learn Fourier series & transform.			
4	To use the concept of generating function in solving recurrence relation.			
5	To know about sampling distribution and hypothesis			

Module No.	Description of Topic			
	Module-1: Basic Probability:			
1	 Probability (i) Definition of random experiment, sample space, events and probability. (ii) Basic theorems (Statement only) of probability and related problems. (iii) Conditional probability and independent events; Multiplication theorem; Baye's theorem (statement only) and related problems. 	8		
	Probability Distribution			
	(i) Definition of random variable; Discrete and continuous random variable; Probability mass function (p.m.f.) and probability density			



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Module-2: Bivariate Probability Distribution: Discrete bivariate distribution (i) Joint probability distribution of two discrete random variables, marginal distribution. (ii) Expectation, variance, covariance; Independent random variables. Continuous bivariate distribution (ii) Expectation, variance, covariance; Independent random variables, marginal distribution. (ii) Expectation, variance, covariance; Independent random variables. Module-3: Statistics: Sampling distribution (ii) Population and sampling distribution; statistic, standard error and confidence interval. (iii) Point and interval estimation; unbiased and consistent estimator; maximum likelihood estimate. (iii) Chebyshev's inequality. Test of hypothesis (i) Simple and composite hypothesis. Critical region. Level of significance. (ii) Type I and Type II errors. (iii) One sample and two sample tests for means and proportions. ½² - test for goodness of fit. Module-4: Fourier Series and Fourier Transforms: Fourier Series (i) Periodic function and periodic extension of a function; Odd and even functions. (ii) Periodic function and periodic extension of a function; Odd and even functions. (ii) Periodic function and periodic extension of a function; Odd and even functions. (ii) Periodic function and periodic extension of a function; Odd and even functions. (iii) Euler's formulae for Fourier series; Fourier series of functions of period 21; Dirichlet's conditions and related problems.		function (p.d.f.) of single random variable; Cumulative distribution function (c.d.f.); Applications. (ii) Expectation and variance of random variable; Properties and applications. (iii) Some special types of distributions > Discrete probability distribution: Binomial and Poisson distributions; Mean and variance (no proof) and examples. > Continuous probability distribution: Uniform, Exponential and Normal distributions; Mean and variance (no proof) and examples			
 Discrete bivariate distribution Joint probability distribution of two discrete random variables, marginal distribution. Expectation, variance, covariance; Independent random variables. Continuous bivariate distribution Joint probability distribution of two continuous random variables, marginal distribution. Expectation, variance, covariance; Independent random variables. Module-3: Statistics: Sampling distribution Population and sampling distribution; statistic, standard error and confidence interval. Point and interval estimation; unbiased and consistent estimator; maximum likelihood estimate. Test of hypothesis Simple and composite hypothesis. Critical region. Level of significance. Type 1 and Type II errors. One sample and two sample tests for means and proportions. χ² - test for goodness of fit. Module-4: Fourier Series and Fourier Transforms: Fourier Series Periodic function and periodic extension of a function; Odd and even functions. Special wave forms: square wave, half wave rectifier, full wave rectifier, saw-toothed wave, triangular wave (graphical illustration only). Euler's formulae for Fourier series; Fourier series of functions of period 2π; Four		•			
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	(i) Introduction to generating function	
	(ii) Some standard generating functions	
	(iii) Solution of recurrence relations by generating functions	
Total		37

Cour	Course Outcomes:		
After	completion of the course, students will be able to:		
1	Learn the ideas of probability and random variables, various discrete and continuous probability		
	distributions with their properties and their applications in physical and engineering		
	environment		
2	Understand the basic ideas of statistics with different characterisation of a univariate and		
	bivariate data set.		
3	Apply statistical tools for analysing data samples.		
4	Learn the tools of Fourier transform to analyze engineering problems and apply the concept of		
	convergence of infinite series in many approximation techniques in engineering disciplines.		
5	To solve engineering problems using z transform and probability theory.		

Lear	Learning Resources:			
1	Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, John Wiley & Sons.			
2	Michael Greenberg, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Pearson.			
3	B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers.			
4	Kanti B. Dutta, Mathematical Methods of Science and Engineering, Cenage Learning			
5	Reena Garg, Chandrika Prasad, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers.			
6	N.G. Das, Statistical Methods (Combined Volume), Tata-McGraw Hill			
7	S. Ross, A First Course in Probability, Pearson Education India			
8	W. Feller, An Introduction to Probability Theory and its Applications, Vol. 1, Wiley			

Course Name:	Name: Data Structures and Algorithms			
Course Code:	rse Code: PC-CS301 Category:		Professional Core	
Course coue.	10 05301	Category:	Courses	
Semester:	3rd	Credit:	3	
			Programming	
L-T-P:	3-0-0	Pre-Requisites:	Concept, Basic	
		<u>-</u>	Mathematics	
Full Marks:	Full Marks: 100			
Examination	Semester Examination:	Continuous Assessment:	Attandance 05	
Scheme:	70	25	Attendance: 05	

Course Objectives:		
1	To familiarize the students with the basic concepts of linear data structures and operations on it.	
2	To acquaint the students with nonlinear data structures and its application areas.	
3	To develop the ability to compare complexity of different sorting and searching algorithms.	



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Course Contents:			
Module No.	Description of Topic		
1	Introduction: Basic Terminologies: Elementary Data Organizations, Array, Data Structure Operations: insertion, deletion, traversal etc. Analysis of an Algorithm: Asymptotic Notations, Time-Space trade off. Searching: Linear Search and Binary Search algorithms and their complexity analysis, Interpolation Search algorithm. Recursion: Definition and Types with examples of each types, Tower of Hanoi problem and its complexity analysis. Stacks and Queues: Stack as an ADT and its operations, Applications of Stacks: Expression Conversion and Evaluation – corresponding algorithms. Queue as an ADT: Types of Queue: Linear Queue, Circular Queue, Priority Queue; Operations on each types and their algorithms. Dequeue: Basic concept and associated algorithms.		
2			
Linked Lists: Singly linked lists: Representation in memory, Algorithms of several operations: Traversing, Searching, Insertion into, Deletion from linked list; Linked representation of Stack and Queue, Application of Linked list: representation of Polynomial and addition of two polynomials. Doubly linked list and Circular Linked List: Basic Concept and Operations.		6	
4	Trees: Basic Tree Terminologies, Different types of Trees: Binary Tree, its properties, Complete and Strictly Binary Tree, Threaded Binary Tree, Binary Search Tree: insertion, deletion & traversal algorithms, AVI, tree, Applications		
5	Sorting and Hashing: Objective and properties of different sorting algorithms: Bubble Sort, Selection Sort, Insertion Sort, Quick Sort, Merge Sort, Heap Sort; Performance analysis and comparison among all the methods; Hashing: Definition, Hash functions, Collision resolution techniques.	6	
Total		36L	

Course Outcomes:			
After	After completion of the course, students will be able to:		
1	1 Understand the basic concepts of Data structures and complexity of algorithms.		
2	Comprehend the concepts of linear and nonlinear data structures and operations on		
	them.		
3	Apply the knowledge of linear and nonlinear data structures in solving problems.		
4	Analyze complexity of different Sorting and Searching algorithms.		

Lear	Learning Resources:		
1	"Data Structures with C" by Seymour Lipschutz, McGrawHill		
2	"Data Structures Using C" by Reema Thareja, Oxford		
3	"Fundamentals of Data Structures of C" by Ellis Horowitz, Sartaj Sahni		
4	"Data Structures using C" by A N Tenenbaum, Y Langsam, M J Augenstein, Pearson		



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Course Name:	Introduction to Industrial Management			
Course Code:	HM-HU 301	Category:	Management Science and Humanities Courses	
Semester:	3rd	Credit:	2	
L-T-P:	2-0-0	Pre-Requisites:	Nil	
Full Marks:	100			
Examination	Semester Examination:	Continuous	Attendance:	
Scheme:	70	Assessment: 25	05	

Course Objectives:				
1	1 Contribute to the success of companies through effective problem solving.			
	Design, develop, implement, and improve integrated systems that include people, materials, information, equipment, and environments.			

Course C	Course Contents:			
Module No.	Description of Topic			
1	Introduction System- concept, definition, types, parameters, variables and behavior. Management — definition and functions. Organization structure: i. Definition. ii. Goals. iii. Factors considered in formulating structure. iv. Types. v. Advantages and disadvantages. vi. Applications. Concept, meaning and importance of division of labor, scalar & functional processes, span of control, delegation of authority, centralization and decentralization in industrial management. Organizational culture and climate — meaning, differences and factors affecting them. Moral-factors affecting moral. Relationship between moral and productivity. Job satisfaction- factors influencing job satisfaction. Important provisions of factory act and labor laws.	4		
2	Critical Path Method (CPM) and Programme Evaluation Review Technique (PERT): CPM & PERT-meaning, features, difference, applications. Understand different terms used in network diagram. Draw network diagram for a real life project containing 10-15 activities, computation of LPO and EPO.(Take minimum three examples). Determination of critical path on network. Floats, its types and determination of floats. Crashing of network, updating and its applications	6		
Materials Management: Material management-definition, functions, importance, relationsh with other departments. Purchase - objectives, purchasing system purchase procedure, terms and forms used in purchase department Storekeeping- functions, classification of stores as centralized and decentralized with their advantages, disadvantages and application actual practice. Functions of store, types of records maintained by stor various types and applications of storage equipment, need and gener methods for codification of stores. Inventory control: i. Definition. Objectives. iii. Derivation for expression for Economic Order Quanti (EOQ) and numeric examples. iv. ABC analysis and other mode		4		



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Total		26
6	Recent Trends in IM: ERP (Enterprise resource planning) - concept, features and applications. Important features of MS Project. Logistics- concept, need and benefits. Just in Time (JIT)-concept and benefits. Supply chain management-concept and benefits	3
5	Value Analysis (VA) and Cost Control: VA-definition, terms used, process and importance. VA flow diagram. DARSIRI method of VA. Case study of VA-at least two. Waste-types, sources and ways to reduce them. Cost control-methods and important guide lines.	3
4	Production planning and Control (PPC): Types and examples of production. PPC: i. Need and importance. ii. Functions. iii. Forms used and their importance. iv. General approach for each type of production. Scheduling- meaning and need for productivity and utilisation. Gantt chart- Format and method to prepare. Critical ratio scheduling-method and numeric examples. Scheduling using Gantt Chart (for at least 5-7 components having 5-6 machining operations, with processes, setting and operation time for each component and process, resources available, quantity and other necessary data), At least two examples. Bottlenecking- meaning, effect and ways to reduce.	6
	methods of analysis. v. Various types of inventory models such as Wilson's inventory model, replenishment model and two bin model. (Only sketch and understanding, no derivation.). Material Requirement Planning (MRP)- concept, applications and brief details about software packages available in market.	

Cour	Course Outcomes:			
After	After completion of the course, students will be able to:			
1	Interpret given organization structure, culture, climate and major provisions offactory			
	acts and laws.			
2	Explain material requirement planning and store keeping procedure.			
3	Plot and analyze inventory control models and techniques.			
4	Prepare and analyze CPM and PERT for given activities.			
5	List and explain PPC functions.			

Lear	Learning Resources:			
1	L.S. Srinath— "CPM & PERT principles and Applications".			
2	Buffa – "Modern Production Management".			
3	N. Nair – "Materials Management".			
4	O. P. Khanna – "Industrial Engineering & Management".			
5	Mikes – "Value Analysis".			
6	S.C. Sharma, "Engineering Management – Industrial Engineering & Management",			
	Khanna Book Publishing Company, New Delhi			



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Course Name:	Biology			
Course Code:	BS-BIO301	Category:	Basic Science Course	
Semester:	3rd	Credit:	2	
L-T-P:	2-0-0	Pre-Requisites:	Basic knowledge of Physics, Chemistry and Mathematics	
Full Marks:	100			
Examination	Semester Examination:	Continuous	Attendance: 05	
Scheme:	70	Assessment: 25	Attenuance, 03	

Course Objectives:			
1	Bring out the fundamental differences between science and engineering		
2	Discuss how biological observations of 18th Century that lead to major discoveries		

Course Contents:			
Module No.	Description of Topic	Contact Hrs.	
1	To convey that Biology is as important a scientific discipline as Mathematics. Physics and Chemistry Bring out the fundamental differences between science and engineering by drawing a comparison between eye and camera, Bird flying and aircraft. Mention the most exciting aspect of biology as an independent scientific discipline. Why we need to study biology? Discuss how biological observations of 18th Century that lead to major discoveries. Examples from Brownian motion and the origin of thermodynamics by referring to the original observation of Robert Brown and Julius Mayor. These examples will highlight the fundamental importance of observations in any scientific inquiry.		
2	Module2-Classification System in Biology: The underlying criterion, such as morphological, biochemical or ecological be highlighted. Hierarchy of life forms at phenomenological level. A given		
3	Module 3: Genetics: To convey that "Genetics is to biology what Newton's laws are to Physical Sciences" Mendel's laws, Concept of segregation and independent assortment.		
4	Module 4: Biomolecules: To convey that all forms of life have the same building blocks and yet the manifestations are as diverse as one can imagine Molecules of life. In this context discuss monomeric units and polymeric structures. Discuss about sugars, starch and cellulose. Amino acids and proteins. Nucleotides and DNA/RNA.	4	
5	Module 5: Enzymes: To convey that without catalysis life would not have existed on earth Enzymology: How to monitor enzyme catalysed reactions. How does an enzyme catalyse reactions? Discuss at least two examples.	2	



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Total		24
9	Module 9: Microbiology: Concept of microscopic organisms. Concept of species and strains. Identification and classification of microorganisms. Sterilization and media compositions. Growth kinetics. Microscopy: simple, compound, phase-contrast, SEM, TEM, Confocal: principle and applications.	2
8	Module 8: Metabolism: ATP as an energy currency. This should include the breakdown of glucose to CO2 + H2O (Glycolysis and Krebs cycle) and synthesis of glucose from CO2 and H2O (Photosynthesis). Energy yielding and energy consuming reactions. Concept of Energy charge.	2
7	Module 7: Macromolecular analysis: How to analyse biological processes at the reductionist level Proteins- structure	
6	Module 6: Information Transfer: The molecular basis of coding and decoding genetic information is universal Molecular basis of information transfer. DNA as a genetic material. Hierarchy of DNA structure- from single stranded to double helix to nucleosomes. Concept of genetic code. Universality and degeneracy of genetic code. Define gene in terms of complementation and recombination.	4

Cour	Course Outcomes:			
After	After completion of the course, students will be able to:			
1	State different engineering applications from biological perspective.			
2	Classify biological systems and identify different organisms and microorganisms depending on their morphological, biochemical and ecological criterion.			
3	Explain the concept of recessiveness and dominance during the passage of genetic material from parent to offspring and describe DNA as a genetic material in the molecular basis of information transfer.			
4	Discuss structures of different biomolecules starting from basic units and hence understand different biological processes at the reductionistic level.			
5	Describe protein structures and enzymology and also compare different mechanisms of enzyme action.			
6	Describe energy transformation processes in biological systems.			

Lear	Learning Resources:		
1	Biology for Engineers. Arthur T. Johnson. CRC Press.		
2	Biology and Engineering of Stem Cell Niches. A K Vishwakarma and Jefferey Karp, Elsevier.		
3	Environmental Biology for Engineers and Scientists. David A. Vaccari, P. P. Storm and J. F		
	Alleman. ELBS		
4	Biology for Engineers. G. K. Suraishkumar. Oxford		



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Course Name:	Digital Electronics Lab			
Code:	ES-EC392	Category:	Engineering Science	
			Courses	
Semester:	3rd	Credit:	1.5	
L-T-P:	0-0-3	Pre-Requisites:	Basic Electronics	
Full Marks: 100				
Examination	Semester Examination:	Continuous Assessment:	Attendance:	
Scheme:	60	35	05	

\mathbf{C}	Course Objectives:				
	1	To acquire the basic knowledge of digital logic gates and its application to understand			
		digital electronics circuits.			
	2	To prepare students to design various combinational and sequential circuits.			
	3	To know the working principle of A/D and D/A Converter.			

Course Contents:				
Module No.	Description of Topic			
1	Realization of Basic gates (AND,OR,NOT) from Universal Gates(NAND & NOR).	3		
2	Implementation of the given Boolean function using logic gates in both sop and pos forms.			
3	Design and Verify adder, subtractor Circuit	3		
4	Implementation and Verification of Decoder, Encoder, Multiplexer, Demultiplexer Circuit	6		
5	Verification of state tables of RS, JK, T and D flip-flops	3		
6	Design of Shift Register	3		
7	Design of Asynchronous Counter	3		
8	Design of Synchronous Counter	3		
9	Design of Ring/Johnson Counter	3		
10.	Study of D/A Converter and A/D Converter Circuit	6		
Total		36P		

Cour	Course Outcomes:			
After	After completion of the course, students will be able to:			
1	Realize basic gate operations and laws of Boolean algebra.			
2	Design different combinational circuits.			
3	Design different sequential circuits.			
4	Study A/D converter and D/A converter circuits.			

Lear	Learning Resources:			
1	Morris Mano- Digital Logic and Computer Design- PHI			
2	Leach & Malvino—Digital Principles & Application, 5/e, McGraw H			
3	Floyed & Jain- Digital Fundamentals-Pearson.			
4	S. Salivahanan, S. Arivazhagan – Digital Circuits and Design			



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5	D. Ray Chaudhuri- Digital Circuits-Vol-I & II, 2/e- Platinum Publisher
6	Tocci, Widmer, Moss- Digital Systems,9/e- Pearson

Course Name:	Data Structures and Algorithms Lab			
Course Code:	PC-CS391	Category:	Professional Core	
Course Coue.			Courses	
Semester:	3rd	Credit:	1.5	
L-T-P:	0-0-3	Pre-Requisites:	Programming knowledge	
Full Marks:	100			
Examination	Semester Examination:	Continuous	Attendance: 05	
Scheme:	60	Assessment: 35	Attendance, 03	

Course	Course Objectives:				
1	To familiarize the students with programming concepts required for implementing linear data				
1	structures and operations on it.				
2	To acquaint the students with dynamic memory allocation concepts required for implementing				
	linear & nonlinear data structures.				
2	To develop the ability to write menu driven programs that compares different sorting and				
3	searching techniques.				

Course Contents: The course should cover (but may not limited to) C program				
implementation of the following topics				
Module No.	Description of Topic			
1	Linear Data Structure: a) Basic data structure operations using Array b) Implementation of Stack operations using array c) Implementation of Linear Queue operations using array d)Implementation of Circular Queue operations using array	4×3		
2	Application of Stack:			
3	Programs using Dynamic Memory Allocation: Implementation of Single Linked List and associated operations (menu driven) Application of Single Linked List: a) Implementation of Stack and Queue using Single Linked List. b) Program to add two Polynomials using Single Linked List (SLL).	3×3		
4	Implementation of various Sorting algorithms (Menu driven) Implementation of various Searching algorithms (Menu driven)			
5	Implementation of Non Linear Data Structure a)Binary Search Tree: Construction and Traversal b)AVL tree: Construction and Traversal (optional)	1×3		
Total		36P		

Course Outcomes:
After completion of the course, students will be able to:



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1	Write the basic codes on linear Data structures and operations performed on it			
2	Apply dynamic memory allocation concept to implement linear and nonlinear data			
	structures programs			
3	Apply the knowledge of linear data structures to solve expression conversion programs.			
4	Compare different Sorting and Searching techniques by writing menu driven programs.			

Lear	Learning Resources:				
1	"Data Structures with C" by Seymour Lipschutz, McGrawHill				
2	"Data Structures Using C" by Reema Thareja, Oxford				
3	"Fundamentals of Data Structures of C" by Ellis Horowitz, Sartaj Sahni				
4	"Data Structures using C" by A N Tenenbaum, Y Langsam, M J Augenstein, Pearson				

Course Name:	IT Workshop (Using Python) Lab			
Course Code:	rse Code: PC-CS392 Category:		Professional Core Course	
Semester:	3rd	Credit:	1.5	
L-T-P:	0-0-3	Pre-Requisites:	Familiar with any Basic computer language	
Full Marks: 100				
Examination	Semester Examination:	Continuous	Attendance: 05	
Scheme:	60	Assessment: 35		

Course Objectives:			
1	a)Master the fundamentals of writing Python scripts		
1	b)Learn core Python scripting elements such as variables and flow control structures		
2	a)Use Python to read and write files		
	b)Make their code robust by handling errors and exceptions properly		
2	a)Explore Python's object-oriented features		
3	b)Search text using regular expressions		
4	Understand the Exception Handling and Object oriented concept of Python.		

Course C	Course Contents:		
Module No.	Description of Topic		
1	Introduction History, Features, Setting up path, Working with Python, Basic Syntax, Variable and Data Types, Operator	3	
2	Conditional Statements If , If- else, Nested if-else, Looping, For, While, Nested loops	3	
3	Control Statements Break, Continue, Pass String Manipulation Accessing Strings, Basic Operations, String slices, Function and Methods	3	



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4	Lists Introduction, Accessing list, Operations, Working with lists, Function and Methods Tuple Introduction, Accessing tuples, Operations, Working, Functions and Methods Dictionaries	6
	Introduction, Accessing values in dictionaries, Working with dictionaries, Properties	
5	Functions Defining a function, Calling a function, Types of functions, Function Arguments, Anonymous functions, Global and local variables Modules Importing module, Math module, Implementation of Array using numpy	6
	module, Random module, Packages, Composition, Input-Output	
6	Exception Handling Exception, Exception Handling, Except clause, Try- finally clause, User Defined Exceptions	3
7	The Object-Oriented Approach: Classes, Methods, Objects Basic concepts of object programming, Implementation of Properties of Object-oriented Programming, Inheritance.	6
8	File Handling Introduction to File Handling, Data Files, Opening and Closing Files, Reading and Writing Files	3
9	Data Visualization using Python Concept of Data Visualization, Using Pyplot of Matplotlib library, Creating Line chart, Bar chart and Pie chart using pyplot interface, Customizing the Plot	3
Total		36P

Cour	Course Outcomes:		
After completion of the course, students will be able to:			
1	Understand and develop Computational Thinking concepts.		
2	Express a problem-solving strategy to breakdown a complex problem into a series of		
	simpler tasks.		
3	Describe python programs that appropriately utilize built-in functions and control flow		
	statements.		
4	Use functions for structuring Python programs		
5	Represent compound data using Python lists, tuples, dictionaries		
6	Apply the knowledge of different Charts along with their comparison.		

Lear	Learning Resources:		
1	"Core Python Programming" by R.Nageswar Rao		
2	"Python: the complete reference" by Martin C.Brown		
3	"Let us Python" by Yashvant Kanetkar		
4	"Programming and Problem Solving With Python" by Ashok Namdev Kamthane and		
	Amit Ashok Kamthane		



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Ph: +91 33 26549315/17 Fax +91 33 26549318 Web: www.mckvie.edu.in/

5 "Python Programming" by Anurag Gupta and G. P. Biswas

Course Name:	Environmental Science		
Course Code:	MC371	Category:	Mandatory Courses
Semester:	3rd	Credit:	0
L-T-P:	2-0-0	Pre-Requisites:	Basic concepts of Environmental Science
Full Marks:	100		
Examination Scheme:	Semester Evamination of 100 marks		

Course	Course Objectives:			
1	Purpose: We as human being are not an entity separate from the environment around us rather, we are a constituent seamlessly integrated and co-exist with the environment around us. We are not an entity so separate from the environment that we can think of mastering and controlling it rather we must understand that each and every action of ours reflects on the environment and vice versa. Ancient wisdom drawn from Vedas about environment and its sustenance reflects this ethos. There is a direct application of this wisdom even in modern times.			
2	Idea of an activity-based course on environment protection is to sensitize the students on the above issues through following two type of activities.			

Course Contents:		
Module No.	Description of Topic	Contact Hrs.
	(a) Awareness Activities:	
	i) Small group meetings about any of the topic.	4
	ii) Slogan making event	2 5
1	iii) Poster making event	5
	iv) Seminar on any of the topic.	4
	v) Preparation of a report on any of the topic regarding current	4
	scenario.	
	(b) Actual Activities:	
	i) Plantation	1
	ii) Gifting a tree to see its full growth	1
2	iii) Cleanliness drive	1
	iv) Drive for segregation of waste	1
	v) Shutting down the fans and ACs of the campus for an hour or	1
	so	1
		24

Cour	rse Outcomes:
After	completion of the course, students will be able to:
1	Explain basic concepts, man, society & environment, their interrelationship, mathematics of population growth and associated problems, steady state conservation system.
2	Demonstrate natural environmental hazards like flood, earthquake, landslide-causes,



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	effects and control/management.
3	Classify air pollution, water pollution, land pollution, noise pollution and their controls.
4	Study Elements of ecology and environmental management.

Learning Resources:	
1	M.P. Poonia & S.C. Sharma, Environmental Studies, Khanna Publishing House, New Delhi, 2019
2	Environmental science by Gillbert G. Master